Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Block: \_\_\_\_\_

**3rd Six Weeks CBA Review**

**Complete the chart below.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Event** | **Cause** | **Effect** | **Description** |
| **Battle of Saratoga** | 1. The British forces couldn’t break through Americans’ line near the town of Saratoga | 1. Turning point of war - helped convince France to join forces with Continental Army | 1. 2 major battles. American Forces defeated a major British Army. |
| **Valley Forge** | 1. The British Army captured Philadelphia and forced the American troops to have to move to a location outside of Philadelphia, where Washington could keep an eye on the British. | 5. Help from oversees came, such as warm clothing and training that gave the soldier confidence. By the end of the winter, the Continental Army was much stronger | 1. The Colonial Government could not afford to supply the troops with necessary supplies such as food clothing, and blankets to keep them warm enough during the winter. |
| **Yorktown** | 1. The British General set up his headquarters here. Because it was on a bay, it made it easy to circle around. | 1. Last major battle of the war.   Britain surrendered and The treaty of Paris was signed, giving America its independence | 1. French and American troops surrounded Yorktown and the French navy took control of Chesapeake Bay, trapping the British on land and sea. |
| **Treaty of Paris** | 1. British surrendering to the American troops | * American Independence * British soldiers removed from American lands * Set new borders for America. | 1. John Jay, Benjamin Franklin, and John Jay went to Paris, France to negotiate a peace treaty. |

Describe the contributions of the following individuals.

1. **Benjamin Franklin** – This founding father helped convince the French to join forces with the Continental Army after the victory at Saratoga.
2. **James Madison** –

* “Father of the Constitution”
* helped write the 1st draft of the Constitution,
* 4th president of the USA
* Took detailed notes during Constitutional Convention

1. Explain the reasons why the founders wrote the Constitution according to the Preamble?

To create a government that is fair to its people, laws that protect the citizens of the United States, ensure freedom.

Explain the meaning of the following Patriotic Symbols and Landmarks.

1. Donkey – democratic symbol
2. Elephant – republican symbol
3. Statue of Liberty – given to the US by France to celebrate 100 years of freedom from Great Britain.
4. Veterans Day – To honor all those who have served in the US armed Forces
5. Pledge of Allegiance –Pledge of Allegiance of the United States is an expression of allegiance to the flag of the United States and the republic of the United States of America.
6. What are examples of civic duties of individuals? Voting, serving on a jury, pay taxes,
7. Compare the responsibilities of the national and state governments under the federal system?

* National – declare war, maintain an army and navy, print money, make treaties
* State – conduct elections, establish schools, regulate marriages
* Shared – make laws, establish courts, borrow money, to collect taxes, enforce laws

1. Give an example of how the Legislative Branch and Executive Branch can check each other.
   1. Legislative branch checks Executive Branch by approving appointments to the Supreme Court.
   2. Executive Branch checks the Legislative Branch by approving or vetoing bills. The Legislative Branch can then check the power of the president by overturning veto with 2/3 vote.

Complete the chart below with the powers of each branch.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | 1. **Legislative** | 1. **Executive** | 1. **Judicial** |
| **Who’s in it?** | Current National: Nancy Pelosi (speaker of the house)  Current State: Dan Patrick (Lieutenant Governor) | Current National: Donald Trump (president)  Current State: Greg Abbott (Governor) | Current National: John Roberts (Chief Justice)  Current State: Nathan Hecht (Chief of Court) |
| **Main Job** | Make Laws | Enforce Laws | Interpret Laws |
| **Duties** | * Approves treaties * Can impeach president and supreme court judges * Approves or rejects supreme court nominations. | * Approves or vetoes bills * Commander in Chief of the Armed forces. * Makes treaties * Appoints Federal judges * Calls special sessions of congress * Grants pardons | Can declare laws unconstitutional and have them repealed |

1. Which event is missing from the sequence below?

**Winter at Valley Forge**

**Victory at Yorktown**

**Treaty of Paris**

**Battle of Saratoga**